RAE 2020

Design of Functional Racing Singlet for the Hong Kong Rowing Team

Dr. C.P. Ho PolyU UoA 38

Contents

Chapter	Topic	Page
1	Descriptor	3
2	Researcher's background	4
3	What constitutes the research output	5
4	Research context	6
5	Research questions	7
6	Research material	8
7	Research methodology	13
8	Dissemination and distribution of outcomes	16
9	References	28

Design of Functional Racing Singlet for the Hong Kong Rowing Team

Descriptor

In the past, the athletes of the Hong Kong rowing team purchased racing singlets from overseas companies. However, the team found that there were problems with the singlets, such as poor fitting and scratchiness caused by improper fabrication, seams, and types of stitching. In this project, a totally new uniform was designed that improved all of these aspects. The project team also established a new technical manual as a benchmark which had not been implemented for the Hong Kong rowing team previously.

During the research process, the project team first adopted tailor-made approach (by using a 3D body scanner) to achieve the extreme-fit expectation of each athlete. To improve the function of the singlet, we designed a list of fabric tests to ensure the quality of the materials. Sweating thermal manikins were used to evaluate the thermal comfort of the singlet. Furthermore, UV protection was added in this new prototype. Wearer trials were conducted during the rowers pre-race practices overseas. An online questionnaire was designed for the rowers, and the data was used to evaluate the ultimate performance of the final prototype.

This project successfully received an Innovation and Technology Fund (HKSAR government) for a total amount of over HK\$700,000. The impact of the project was not limited to the rowing team winning the first-ever gold medal in the Asian Games 2014; other sports teams have taken the new technical manual as a reference to develop their uniforms. The CEO of the Hong Kong Research Institute of Textiles and Apparel (HKRITA) "shared the research results and innovative technologies with the trades, to enhance the competitiveness of local textile industry" (see p. 25 - report link). In fact, HKRITA developed another rowing racing singlet for the 2016 Olympic Games by referencing this technical manual and research methodology. (296 words)

Researcher's background

Dr. Ho's research focus is on the investigation of functional clothing. He had experience to design functional uniform for Hong Kong sport team and adaptive clothing for health care centres. Apart from the practice-based research, he also investigates the relationship between design and comfort level of clothing with the support of scientific data. The examples included the development of design details to enhance garment's thermal comfort; and the evaluation of garment construction to fit Chinese men with apple body shapes.

What constitutes the research output / body of work

1. Racing suit for the Hong Kong rowing team (Aug 2014)

200 sets new racing singlet for the Hong Kong rowing team for assisting them in their upcoming competition included Asian Games 2014. The elite team could also receive the suit for other local or international competitions.

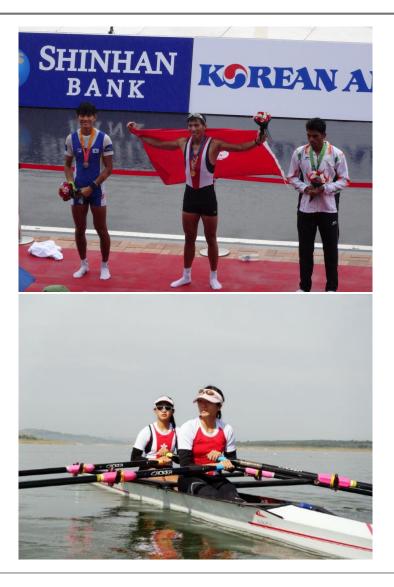
2. Academic publication (2016)

The background, methodology, design of new suit and product evaluation were reported in an academic paper which was published in 2016.

3. Technical report to Hong Kong Sports Institute (2014)

The product specifications, full data of fabric testing and rowers' evaluation were submitted to Hong Kong Sports Institute for reference of racing suit development in the future.

4. **Media coverage (included exhibition, newspaper report and online document/videos)** to promote the collaboration and the promising result under this project (2014-2015).



Research context

The current rowing singlets were purchased from an online shop of an overseas company which specially produces rowing singlets. After the focus group interview, the rowers addressed the following key problems that they found with the current singlet:

- Poor garment fit;
- Scratchiness on the seam, armhole and crotch part (for male rowers)
- No wicking function on the fabrics

Previous studies have summarised that except for sport equipment, the body positions and garments of athletes are the two most crucial factors affecting athletic performance (Chowdhury et al., 2009; Kyle, Brownlie, Harber, MacDonald, & Norstrom, 2004; Moria et al., 2010).

In the first phase, the coach and the rowers defined the preliminary problem.

Then we ideated and refined design ideas during the second phase.

After defining the key problems of the current singlet, we worked with the rowers, coach, and garment manufacturer to suggest possible. After fine-tuning the details, a final design was approved and delivered to the rowing team for their participation in the 2014 Asian Games.

This project was totally funded (HK\$ 0.7 M) by the Hong Kong Government (Innovation and Technology Fund)

Research questions

The research sets out to

- 1. To review the limitations of the current racing suit that the rowing team was using for years, include size and fit, fabric, construction and design details;
- 2. To design new racing suit to improve athlete's performance in body movement and thermal comfort;
- 3. The degree to which the modified cutting, size, construction and stitch of the new racing suit can eliminate all the uncomfortable experiences caused by the current racing suit.
- 4. To establish a new set of testing standards (e.g. fabric properties, thermal resistance, etc.) for further re-ordering and product development

Research material

Rowing is an activity which requires participants to use their whole bodies in a sitting position. Rowers must propel a boat using their arms, legs, back, and shoulders, executing all movements within the vessel. An appropriate racing singlet designed for their unique movements is essential for athletes' professional training and competition. With the support by the government's research fund, we collaborated with a garment manufacturer, and the Hong Kong rowing team to develop a new singlet for their participation in the 2014 Asian Games. A design process framework developed by LaBat and Sokolowski (1999) was adopted to facilitate the design process (Ho & Au, 2016).



The new design of racing suit for the Hong Kong rowing team Photo source: HKRITA, 2016

Research material

The Hong Kong flag on the racing suit

Traditional embroidery unavoidably exposed sewing thread on the wrong side of the suit, which might cause friction to the skin of the chest. The national flag at the front was changed from embroidery to a heat-transfer PU badge to make maintain the smoothness of the wrong side of the fabric. In addition, the research team observed that current embroidery badge might have puckering appearance on the fabric which was caused by the penetration of the embroidery thread. This puckering effect is not uncommon when embroidery is applied to a stretchable fabric. However, this penetration was not applied to heat-transfer PU badge. To solve the puckering problem, the research team proposed either screen print or heat-transfer PU badge to create the Hong Kong flag on the new rowing suit. After the comparison of the trial samples and costing, all parties agreed to use the heat-transfer PU badge (Ho & Au, 2016).



Current embroidery badge



Heat transfer PU badge

Research material

Crotch construction of the new singlet for male rowers

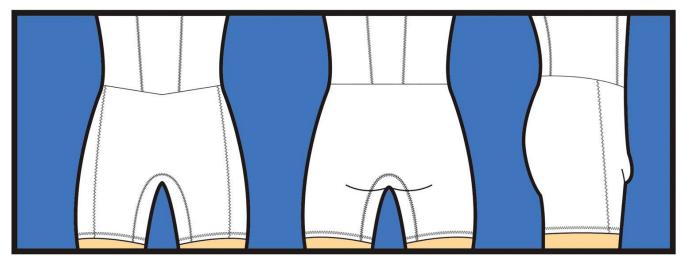


Photo source: Ho, C. and Au, Y. 2016. Development of functional racing singlet for professional rowers, International journal of fashion design, technology and education, *10*(2), 137-145.

The crotch was cut according to the body shape of the male and female rowers. The centre front seam and centre back seam were removed from each singlet. A gusset was added to the female singlets to increase flexibility; thus, only one centre back seam was constructed as a joint in the lower half of the singlet. For the male rowers, a rectangular panel was constructed to eliminate the bulkiness of the seams. Two seams were constructed along the front side panel in accordance with the body shape of the rower. These two seams were essential in forming a tube-like bottom half and ensuring that there was no seam on the back. All seams at the crotch were constructed with flatlock seam 607 cover stitch (ASTM D-6193) (Ho & Au, 2016).

Research material



Technical Details:

- Joining seam: covering stitch
- Collar, armhole and hem: rolling seam
 No side-seams at both sides
- 4. Hong Kong flag logo: PVC heat transfer badge
- 5. HKRITA logo: rubber print (Hem logo size: 38mm x
- 13.9mm)/Back logo size: 38mm x 25mm for female/ 51mm x 32.7mm for male)

Testing Samples in Condition 1 (Set: Temperature 25°C; Humidity 76%; No air v	elocity)/ (Actual: 25.5°C; Humidity 79%; No air velocity)

1) Skin Thermal Sensation: (-3 Cold to 3Hot)

	R1A	01A	R2A	02A	R3A	O3A
Omins	1	0	0	1	1	1
15mins	0	1	0	0	1	2
30mins	1	2	0	1	1	1
45mins	0	0	-1	0	1	2
Mean	<u>0.5</u>	0.75	<u>-0.25</u>	0.5	<u>1</u>	3.75

2) Skin Humidity Sensation: (1 Dry to 7 Very Wet)

	R1A	01A	R2A	O2A	R3A	O3A
Omins	1	2	1	1	2	4
15mins	2	2	1	1	2	4
30mins	2	3	2	2	3	4
45mins	2	2	2	2	3	4
Mean	<u>1.75</u>	2.25	<u>1.5</u>	<u>1.5</u>	2.5	4

3. Overall Comfort: (-3 Very dissatisfied to 3 Very satisfied)

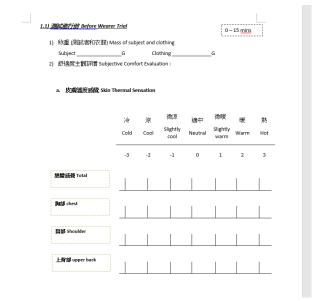
22 1 12 02
1 1 -2 1 0 -2
1 0 -2
1 1 -2
1 1 -2
1 1

The example of the technical report submitted to Hong Kong Sports Institute: Product specification (left);

5

Lab result of the new racing suit (right)

Research material



	極度不滿意	很不滿意	輕微不滿意	適中	輕微滿意	很滿意	極度滿意
整體舒適度		8.33%			25%	41.67%	259
吸汗性		8.33%	8.33%		25%	33.33%	25%
透氣度		8.33%			25%	41.67%	259
尺寸		8.33%	8.33%	25%	16.67%	16.67%	25%
線條及剪裁		8.33%		16.67%	16.67%	33.33%	259
布料拉伸性		8.33%		25%	25%	25%	16.679
호물		8.33%		25%	25%	8.33%	33.339
領口設計—整體舒 適度		8.33%			16.67%	41.67%	33.33%
夾團設計		8.33%			8.33%	58.33%	25%
浪过設計-空膛部 適度		8.33%	8.33%	16.67%	16.67%	33.33%	16.679
腰部设计一伸展性		8.33%		8.33%	33.33%	33.33%	16.679
大腿設計一鬆緊度		8.33%	16.67%	16.67%	25%	8.33%	25%
大腿設計一伸展性		8.33%	16.67%	8.33%	33.33%	16.67%	16.679
肩部設計—肩帶的 伸展		8.33%		8.33%	8.33%	58.33%	16.679
背部設計伸展性		8.33%			16.67%	50%	25%
錢線部分—伸展性		8.33%		8.33%	25%	33.33%	259
縫線部分—整體舒							
適度		8.33%			33.33%	25%	33.339
縫線部分—光滑度		8.33%		8.33%	16.67%	41.67%	259
徽章部分—整體舒 適度		8.33%			8.33%	41.67%	41.679

The example of the technical report submitted to Hong Kong Sports Institute: Questionnaire sample (left) and its result (right)

Research methodology

3D body scanning and tailor-made approach for each rower

Tailor-made approach to eliminate fit problems

The research team realised that mass-produced singlets could not satisfy the individual fit requirements of each rower because of the limited size range. Rapid prototyping of high performance sportswear. Researchers stated that garment construction affects the effectiveness of specific active wear. A proper fit plays an essential role in the development of high-performance sport clothing. This garment should allow the athlete to move freely, but at the same time it would not create extra fabric drape to hinder the body movement. However, it is difficult to design and develop commercial sport clothing to fit every unique body. Hence, the production of tailor-made singlets was proposed for the rowing team in this study.

In order to realise the body stretching of the rowing exercise, a 3D body scanner was adopted to capture the figures. The data was then use to estimate the ease allowance of the racing rowing suit for individual player (Ho & Au, 2016).



Research methodology

Wearer trial and subjective measurement (questionnaire)

Wearer trials

10/2019

The research team divided the wearer trial into two phases, which were conducted in Hong Kong and oversea training or competitions.

To obtain their feedback, face to face interview and online questionnaire were proceed to evaluate their comments on overall comfort, size and fit, fabrication, seam construction, new Hong Kong badge and other design details.

The feedback and questionnaire were analysed and following up action was taken to improve the suit during the wearer trials (Ho & Au, 2016).



Research methodology

Fabric lab test

Before deciding on the fabric for the first prototype, a series of tests were conducted for fabric appearance, breathability, colourfastness, and other properties. The following table presents some of the testing standards and methods of this project. The cost, weight, and performance under a series of lab tests were key considerations in producing this functional athletic singlet. The final selection for the prototype was a blend of 92% polyester with 8% spandex and a weight of 200 g/m2, constructed in fine gauge interlock fabric. The elastomeric behavior of spandex has made it a popular choice for underwear, outerwear, and active wear (Singha, 2012). Because the male rowers did not wear underwear during rowing, a thicker fabric was used (92% polyester with 8% spandex in the weight of 230 g/m2) to avoid transparency in the lower half of the singlet (Ho & Au, 2016).

Type of testing	Details	Standard
Fabric appearance	After washing and dry clean	AATCC 124-2006
Colour fastness	Laundering; dry clean; crocking;	AATCC 61-2006
	perspiration (acid and alkali); sea water; light	AATCC 132-2013
		AATCC 8-2005
		AATCC 15-2009
		AATCC 106-2013
		AATCC 16-2004
Dimensional change	After washing and dry clean	AATCC 135-2004
Breathability	Air permeability	ISO 9237:1995
an a	Water vapour permeability	ASTM E96/E96M-13
Bursting strength	Fabric surface and seam	ASTM D3786-06
		ASTM D3786/3786M-13
Pilling resistance	Fabric surface	ASTM D3512-10
Abrasion resistance	1	ASTM D4966-12
Seam stretchability	1	AATCC TS-015
UV resistance	7	AS/NZS 4399:1996

Source: Ho & Au, 2016

Year	Details
Academic	publication
2016	Ho, C. and Au, Y. 2016. Development of functional racing singlet for professional rowers, International journal of fashion design, technology and education, 10(2), 137-145. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/17543266.2016.1221144</u>
Online do	cumentary by HKSAR or other professional institutions
2015	Development of Smart Interactive Functional Clothing. YOUTUBE clip published by Hong Kong Research Institute of Textile and Apparel. 2015
2014	Custom suit bolsters paddle power. Report & Movie published by Information Services Department, HKSAR. 2014
2014	Rowing hear enhances athletes' performance. Excel @ PolyU. Issue 65. Nov 2014
Artefact 2014	Racing suit worn by the Hong Kong rowing team at Asian Game 2014
Exhibition 2014	e Exhibition at InnovCarnival 2014 (organized by Innovation and Technology Commission, HKSAR). Hong Kong Science Park. Hong Kong. 1-9 Nov, 2014
Newspape	er report
2014	High Performance Rowing Suit. HK Textiles Report. Issue 120. 20/3/2015
2014	"The First Gold Medal for Rowing Team - Application of Research and Technology Achieves the Sports Development", Hong Kong Ming Pao Newspaper. 7/11/2014
Evaluatior	n report by collaborator
2014	Evaluation: reported by the Hong Kong Sports Institute (After completion of the garment-funded project)
10/2019	Design of Functional Racing Singlet for the Hong Kong Rowing Team

Artefact: Racing suit worn by the Hong Kong rowing team at Asian Games 2014



Photo source: Hong Kong Sports Institute

Dissemination and distribution of outcomes

Exhibition at InnovCarnival 2014 (organized by Innovation and Technology Commission, HKSAR)



Hong Kong rowing team and the new racing singlet

HK Textiles Report. Issue 120. 20/3/2015

High performance rowing suit .



Information from "New Textile Technology", Hong Kong Textiles Report, issue 120

HK Textiles Report. Issue 120. 20/3/2015 (Con't, and translate to English)

Textile Technology Advancement

Highly Functional Rowing Suit

Rowing is a full-body workout under a sitting position in rowboats. Given that athletes have to engage their arms, legs, back and shoulders to propel the boats, a set of jersey that accommodates this unique kind of movement is extremely important for professional rowers. The Hong Kong Sports Institute (HKSI) previously invited the Hong Kong Research Institute of Textiles and Apparel (HKRITA) for a collaboration sponsored by Innovation and Technology Fund and designed highly functional rowing suits for the Hong Kong Rowing Team participating in the Asian Games 2014. The Hong Kong representatives passed with flying colours of 1 Gold and 4 Silver medals, among which the gold medal from Men's Lightweight Single Sculls marks in Hong Kong rowing history the first gold from Asian Games!

3D Cutting

When the athletes row, they slightly bend forward and stretch their limbs to a great range and keep repeating the same rowing movement. If the jersey does not fit well, or if its fabric rubs and hurts their skin, their performance would be greatly affected. Therefore, the fabric and the cutting of the jerseys should be specially designed according to training needs and race environment. For this reason, the research team would measure for each rower with 3D scanning technology, then make the jersey according to the measurements, following by repeated fitting and adjustment. As a result, each piece is one and only.

Newly Developed Materials

After close consideration of the characteristics of rowing and the weather conditions of practice and games, the research team tested on various features of the fabric including weight, strength, flexibility, elasticity, abrasion resistance and UV resistance. In world-class top games, any slight weight difference could be the endgame for gold and silver medal, so weight reduction is the major concern with regards to jersey design. Meanwhile, the research team also tested the textiles on their cooling effect, breathing effect and comfortability with a perspiring thermal mannequin, and chose according to the analysis result the most suitable material for creating the highly functional jersey.

The project is not only dedicated to developing functional jerseys for the rowers, but is also aspired to share the team's advanced technologies with the industry in order to raise their competitiveness. HKRITA will continue to collaborate with HKSI for further projects and advance the design of the jerseys, so as to offer the Hong Kong team with highly functional jerseys in perfection.

"The First Gold Medal for Rowing Team - Application of Research and Technology Achieves the Sports Development"

Interview - Hong Kong Ming Pao Newspaper. 7/11/2014 (translate to English)

HK Rowing Team Wins First Gold Medal in Asian Games

High-tech Jerseys Promote Sports Development

The Hong Kong Rowing Team has achieved a fruitful result with 1 Gold and 4 Silver medals in the 17th Asian Games Incheon. Before they set off, all team member sstood side by side showcasing their uniform jerseys in strong vigor and high spirit. Their confidence conquests all before the starting pistol. The Gold fetcher Jersey is a product of the dedicated collaboration of The Hong Kong Research Institute of Textile and Apparel with the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in six-month time. Being extra-thin and light, the jersey is slim and breathable. Printed with the signature colour and emblem of the HKSAR, it honours our athletes with endless confidence and immense power, to exhibit the ever-striving Hong Kong spirit.

The Rowing Team's striking victory is not only a combined effort of the athletes, who attend progressive training to improve body conditions and techniques, and the coach, who brushes up their techniques and adjusts their mental conditions, but it also includes contribution from the crew in researching, developing and designing the jerseys. As jerseys are close companions of athletes, in order to let them coordinate well for outstanding performance, perfection work for the jerseys is indispensable. Therefore the Research Team would scan each athlete and create tailor-made jerseys for them.

(Picture) Ho Chu Po pointed out that factors for developing rowing jerseys include weight, cutting design and functionality of fabrics to accord with the needs in the athletes' movement.

The Lighter on the Rowboat, the Better the Performance

'Since rowing athletes have to go through weight check before games, our research team places high emphasis on the weight of jerseys. For instance, it is important for a one-piece vest-cum-shorts to not only fit well and comfortably, but to be light and thin, while every single pieces of thread and print is carefully designed. The current jersey is 0.2kg lighter than the previous one. This reduces the burden on the athletes, and thus enhances their performance in games,' said Dr. Ho Chu Po from the Institute of Textiles & Clothing, the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, who led the development of this jersey. 'For the cutting, our research team has picked some jerseys from other countries for research and improvement, then employed 3D cutting and tailor-made the jerseys according to each athlete's body figure. We are aware that specific movements of upper limbs/arms, legs, back and shoulders are made when athletes sit rowing the boat. Hence when we designed the cutting, we tried to accommodate their postures and movements by making deeper cutting lines at the armpits. We also reduced stitches at each seam to keep the inner face smooth and avoid rubbing against the rowers' skin. Meanwhile, we assured that the fabric possesses functions such as flexibility, breathability, abrasion resistance, cooling effect, moisture control and UV resistance, etc., to achieve a closefitting and comfortable touch.'

"The First Gold Medal for Rowing Team - Application of Research and Technology Achieves the Sports Development"

Interview - Hong Kong Ming Pao Newspaper. 7/11/2014 (con't)

Fabric Breathability Dedicated for the Needs

According to Dr. Gloria Yao, Senior Research Manager of the Hong Kong Research Institute of Textiles and Apparel (HKRITA), rowing is practised under specific environment and conditions. The entire research and development process was in short timing and very challenging; they only had a few months, but in order to help the rowers perform their best, the research team speeded up procedures including fabric tests, fulfilment of comfortability in hot and moist conditions, etc. Eventually, the team succeeded in developing highly functional jerseys, including the one-piece vest-cum-shorts and the heat insulating sweater and coat. This was absolutely a heartening encouragement for all. The team would continue to develop professional jerseys for rowers at different levels so that they could perform their best under all kinds of weather conditions.

(Picture) Dr. Yao (left) and Chan Yan both believed that the scientific technology of HKRITA can be applied in various fields and can effectively enhance living quality of Hong Kong people.

Scientific Technology for a Wide Coverage

'The HKRITA have had multiple collaboration projects with the Hong Kong Sports Institute (HKSI) in using scientific technologies to help enhance athletes' performances. Apart from perfect teamwork with HKSI, we also cooperate with various sectors such as different elderly homes in the social welfare sector. For example, the team designed and developed outfits for the elderly with fabrics that protect against physical impact. When they tumble, the force can be shared to minimise injuries. At the same time, the team developed an automatic anti-bacterial cleaning spray for residential care centers. The spray contains no harmful substances and has a function of degrading dirts automatically. Technology developed by the institute has wide applications, such as the reusable elastic fabric. This fabric can be used in the healthcare industry for rehabilitation; it can also be used for underwear production through collaboration with underwear garment companies. Our technology belongs to the applied science and enjoys broad usage; it can promote the development in the industry and benefit different fields and society,' said Chan, the Director of the HKRITA.

(Picture) Group photo in Innocarnival 2014 of HKRITA, Representative of the Institute of Textiles & Clothing of the Hong Kong Polytechnic University, and Hong Kong Rowing representatives for the Asian Games.

"The First Gold Medal for Rowing Team - Application of Research and Technology Achieves the Sports Development"

Interview - Hong Kong Ming Pao Newspaper. 7/11/2014 (con't)

Continual Research Effort for Olympic Games

Chris Perry, head coach of the Hong Kong Rowing Team, indicated that rowing is a full-body workout in a sitting position. When the athletes row, they need to pull with all muscle strength, slightly bending forward, to stretch their limbs to a great range and keep repeating the same rowing movement. If their jersey does not fit well, it rubs and hurts their skin easily, greatly harming their performance. Therefore, the fabric and the cutting of the jerseys should be specially designed to be light, thin and comfortable all in one. In the future, HKRITA will continue to collaborate with HKSI to help develop rowing jerseys that counteract different weather conditions, such as humid and freezing cold environment, in hopes of bringing its functionality to another level and better preparing the Hong Kong team for the Olympic Games 2016.

(Picture) Perry indicated that the HKSI would continue its collaboration with the HKRITA and engage in enhancing the functionality of the jerseys to bring better results in games.

(Picture) Lok Kwan Hoi told that the new jersey is lighter than the previous one, and this brings better performance in games.

Close-fitting Jersey for the Body Figure

Lok Kwan Hoi, who won the gold medal in 17thAsian Games Incheon, defeated competitors from South Korea and India in the Men's Light weight Single Sculls.

Weight is a great concern in rowing, especially for the lightweight class. Even a small increase in 0.1kg makes a great difference for the athletes. The newly developed jersey allows me to move freely my upper limbs and shoulders. The movements are made easier and more comfortably. Also, the jersey is lighter than the previous one, so I can consume more food and drinks for more energy to be dissipated during games,' Lok said. The jersey fully demonstrates the

perfect body figure of the athletes, which greatly boosts our confidence. Being well-fit yet flexible, it also allows us to be care-free and comfortable during rowing. Most importantly, the jersey breathes well. I don't feel stuffy even after sweating in training, as it dries instantly. The fabric also blocks UV light so that we are protected even under scorching sun,' said Li Ka Man, another major rower in the team who has attended the Asian Games for many times and clinched a silver medal.

(Picture) Li said that the new jersey fully demonstrates the perfect body figure of the athletes, which greatly boosts their confidence.

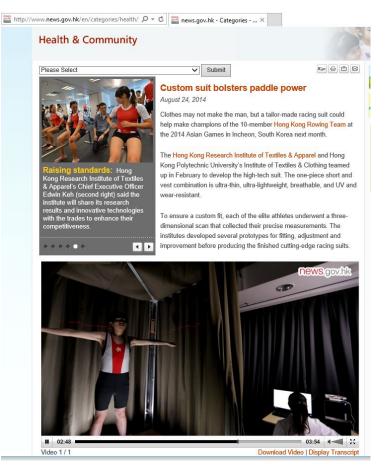
Dissemination and distribution of outcomes

Report & Movie published by Information Services Department, HKSAR. 2014

Title: Custom suit bolsters paddle power.

Video Link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=GkUec6SZdNs

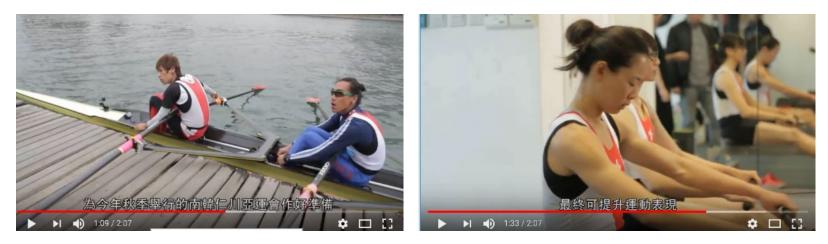
Report Link: <u>http://www.news.gov.hk/en/categories/health/html/2014/08/20140822_125338.shtml</u>



Dissemination and distribution of outcomes

YOUTUBE clip published by Hong Kong Research Institute of Textile and Apparel. 2015 Title: Development of Smart Interactive Functional Clothing.

Video link: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lo8F4LnNsu0&t=14s





Report on Excel @ PolyU. Issue 65. Nov 2014

Title: Rowing gear enhances athletes' performance.

Link: https://www.polyu.edu.hk/cpa/excel/en/201411/viewpoint/v1/index.html



Evaluation report issued by Hong Kong Sports Institute

	 Why do you consider the project results not useful to your organisation? (Please indicate by putting in 'vⁱ to all applicable choices) 			
V. Feedback / Evaluation from User(s) (to be completed by the user(s) / user organisation)(Note)	 The prototype or trial results/ technology are not delivered as expected The project results / technology are no longer relevant to the needs of 			
(Note: the Project Coordinator should collect feedback from each user or user organisation who/which should each complete section V separately and enclosed with the report.)	my organisation (Reasons:) Not cost effective for my organisation to realise / make use of the results			
1. Are you satisfied with the trial results delivered?	Others (Please specify)			
Satisfied				
Not satisfied. Reasons:	6. Do you have any suggestions for further improving the project results / technology from a user's point of view? The final outcome of this project was extremely satisfactory from the end-			
2. Do you think that the project results / technology will bring benefits to the operation of your organisation(s)?	user point of view. The product quality was high and used a number of innovative concepts. The Hong Kong Team used the finished product at the 2014 Incheon Asian Games – winning medals.			
■ Yes \rightarrow Go to Q3 and Q4 \square No \rightarrow Go to Q5	Further research and development could be undertaken to examine adaptations for different climates.			
 In what area(s) do you think the project results / technology are of benefit to your organisation? (Please indicate by putting in 'v' to all applicable choices) Improve production capability 				
Improve product quality	How satisfied are you with the overall performance of the Project Coordinator or project team (e.g. in terms of management of the trial or assisting users to			
Improve service quality Reduce production / product cost Enhance job opportunities	make use of project results / technology)? The project was extremely well run and coordinated. Due to the tight training and competition schedule of the Hong Kong Rowing Team, all of the project milestones had to keep to an exact time frame. This was fully			
 Gain reputation from the industry 	achieved. Coordination / communication with all participants was clear and efficient.			
Process enhancement	and encient.			
Others (Please specify Enhance performance of Hong Kong Elite Athletes				
 Are you willing to adopt the project results / technology if they are available in the market (e.g. through tender or procurement)? Pers/Likely. Details of any plan to procure the service/product Comparison of the product o				
= resclikely. (if any):	(To be signed by user / representative of user organisation)			
☐ Not sure. Reasons:	Signature: Completed by (Name / Post / Organisation): Head Rowing Coach / Hong Kong Sports Institute			
No/Unlikely. Reasons:	Tel. No. / Email address: 90358280 / cjperry@netvigator.com			
	Date of Completion:			

References

Boorady, L. M. (2011). Functional clothing – principles of fit. Indian Journal of Fibre and Textile Research, 36, 344–347. Bye, E., & Hakala, L. (2005). Sailing apparel for women: A design development case study. Clothing and Textile Research Journal, 23(1), 45–55.

Chowdhury, H., Alam, F., & Mainwaring, D. (2011). Aerodynamic study of ski jumping suits. Procedia Engineering, 13, 376–381.

Chowdhury, H., Alam, F., Mainwaring, D., Beneyto-Ferre, J., & Tate, M. (2012). Rapid prototyping of high performance sportswear. Procedia Engineering, 34, 38–43.

Chowdhury, H., Alam, F., Mainwaring, D., Subic, A., Tate, M., Forster, D., ... Beneyto-Ferre, J. (2009). Design and methodology for evaluating aerodynamic characteristics of sports textiles. Sports Technology, 2(3), 81–86.

Fédération Internationale des Sociétés d'Aviron. (2014). FISA rule book. Retrieved January 11, 2016, from http://www.worldrowing.com/mm//Document/General/General/11/28/66/FISArulebookENupdateapril2014complet yperlink_English.pdf

Ho, C. and Au, Y. 2016. Development of functional racing singlet for professional rowers, International journal of fashion design, technology and education, 10(2), 137-145. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/17543266.2016.1221144</u>

International Olympic Committee. (2015). Rowing: History of rowing at the Olympic Games. Retrieved January 11, 2016, from http://www.olympic.org/Assets/OSC%20Section/pdf/QR_sports_summer/Sports_olympiques_aviron%20_eng.pdf

Kim, D. E., & LaBat, K. (2010). Design process for developing a liquid cooling garment hood. Ergonomics, 53 (6), 818–828.

Krueger, R. A., & Casey, M. A. (2009). Focus groups: A practical guide for applied research (4th ed.). Thousand Oaks, CA: Sage.

Kyle, C. R., Brownlie, L. W., Harber, E., MacDonald, R., & Norstrom, M. (2004). The Nike Swift Spin cycling project: Reducing the aerodynamic drag of bicycle racing clothing by using zoned fabrics. The Engineering of Sport, 5(1), 118–124.

References

LaBat, K. L., & Sokolowski, S. L. (1999). A three-stage design process applied to an industry-university textile product design project. Clothing and Textiles Research Journal, 17 (1), 11–20.

Moria, H., Chowdhury, H., Alam, F., Subic, A., Smits, A. J., Jassim, R., ... Bajaba, N. S. (2010). Contribution of swimsuits to swimmer's performance. Procedia Engineering, 2 (2), 2505–2510.

Nilsen, T.S. (2009). Basic rowing technique. Fédération Internationale des Sociétés d'Aviron. Retrieved February 20,2016, from http://www.worldrowing.com/mm//Document/General/General/10/87/40/Chapter_3_-_Basic_Rowing_Te_English.pdf

Olympic Council of Asia. (n.d.). Rowing. Retrieved January 13, 2016, from http://www.ocasia.org/Sports/SportsT.aspx?maOtyf6W8hZXhtRtiudAsw==

Singha, K. (2012). Analysis of spandex/cotton elastomeric properties: Spinning and applications. Analysis, 2(2), 11–16.

Smith, T., & Hopkins, W. (2012). Measures of rowing performance. Sports Medicine, 42(4), 343–358.

Soper, C., & Hume, P. A. (2004). Rowing. Sports Biomechanics, 3(2), 237–248.

Declaration

Unless the sources are specified in this Body of Work, the copyright of the materials presented (excerpts, photos, videos, figures, drawings, diagrams and media) is owned by the author.